

# **Increased Nuchal Fold**

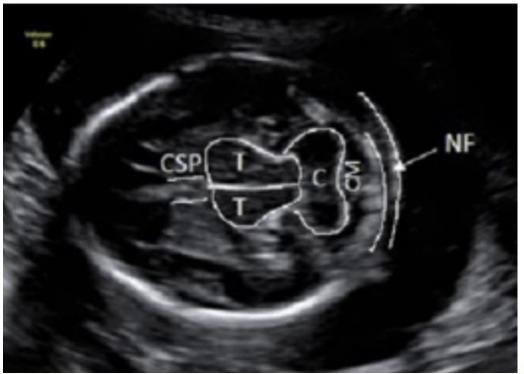
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## Introduction



• The nuchal fold (NF) is the measurement between the outer edge of the occipital bone to the outer margin of the skin in the axial plane of fetal head at

the level of BPD







 Significant fetal neck extension or excessive abdominal pressure with the probe : falsely increased NF

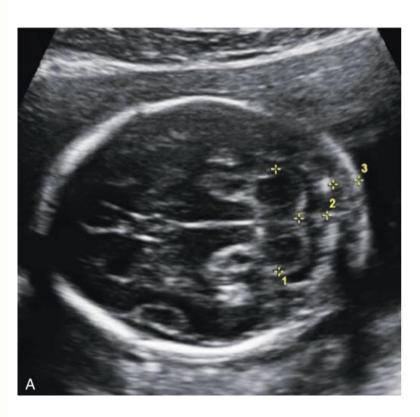
• Nuchal cord causes increase in NF

 Increased NF is defined as NF ≥ <sup>7</sup>mm in <sup>19</sup>-<sup>79</sup> wks of gestation (<sup>10</sup>-<sup>71</sup> wks)



### Normal NF

### **Thickened NF**









### **Thickened NF**



- GA-specific criteria:
  - > Between  $1^{\Lambda}$ -<sup>↑</sup> wks : NF ≥ <sup>?</sup> mm
  - > Between  $1^{9}$ - $1^{1}$  wks : NF ≥ <sup>Δ</sup> mm
- Nuchal index : mean NF/mean BPD × ヽ・・ ≥ ヽヽ (abnormal) GA independent





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SHORT REPORT

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### Fetal nuchal fold thickness measurement between 18 and 24 weeks of pregnancy: reference intervals for a Brazilian population

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			NF	(mm)	
GA	1st	5th	50th	95th	99th
18	1.46	2.16	3.90	5.62	6.34
19	1.66	2.35	4.05	5.75	6.46
20	1.85	2.54	4.21	5.87	6.58
21	2.05	2.72	4.37	6.00	6.70
22	2.25	2.91	4.53	6.13	6.81
23	2.45	3.09	4.68	6.26	6.93
24	2.65	3.28	4.84	6.39	7.05

Table 2. Estimated percentiles of fetal NF thickness measurement in relation to gestational age.

GA: gestational age; NF: nuchal fold.



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OBSTETRICS

#### Fetal nuchal skin-fold thickness during the 2nd trimester of pregnancy

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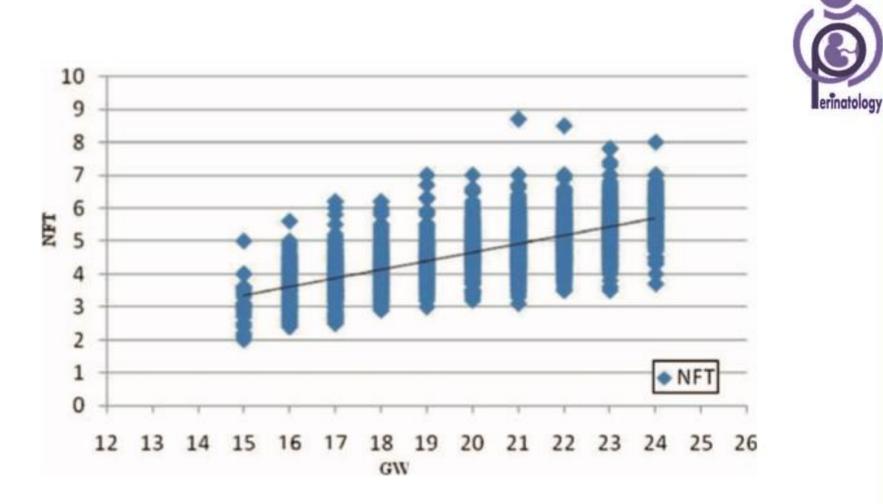


Figure 2. The relationship between nuchal skin-fold thickness (NFT) and gestational weeks.



Table I. Percentile values for nuchal skin-fold thickness between 15 and 24 weeks' gestation.

		Percentiles	
GW	5th	50th	95th
15	2.03	3.00	4.70
16	2.50	3.50	4.77
17	2.70	3.80	5.00
18	3.01	4.00	5.50
19	3.40	4.40	5.76
20	3.50	4.80	5.90
21	3.90	5.00	6.00
22	4.10	5.15	6.10
23	4.30	5.50	6.50
24	4.50	5.70	6.80

GW, gestational weeks.



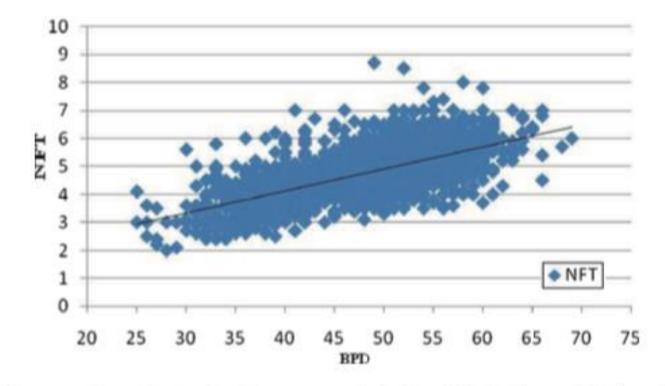


Figure 3. The relationship between nuchal skin-fold thickness (NFT) and biparietal diameter.

- In DS fetuses, complete resolution of thickened NF as GA advances may be seen → serial sonogram for resolution is not recommended and may provide false reassurance
- NT and NF do not have any correlation, so can be used independently to assess aneuploidy risk

## Significance



- Association with fetal aneuploidy
  - An increased NF is detected in ۲۰- ۳۳% of fetuses with DS and •.Δ-۲% of euploid fetuses
  - Isolated LR : <sup>w</sup>.<sup>A</sup>
- Association with nonchromosomal abnormalities

Noonan syndrome, multiple pterygium syndrome, skeletal dysplasia

Congenital cardiac defects



# Likelihood ratio of Down syndrome based on the presence of an isolated soft marker (pooled results)

Finding	Sensitivity Down syndrome, percent	False positive rate (ie, marker detected in euploid karyotype), percent	Positive likelihood ratio if the marker is isolated, percent*	
Increased nuchal fold $\Delta$	20.3 to 32.9	0.5 to 1.9	3.79	

### Recommendations



 NF measurement as a part of screening ultrasound at 1A-Y • wks

- In case of increased NF :
  - A. Detailed anatomic survey by an expert
  - **B. Genetic counselling**
  - **C.** Aneuploidy screening vs diagnostic testing
  - D. Fetal echocardiography ???