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## Asphyxia: interrupted supply of oxygen to the fetus

## Leads to

• Hypoxemia causes anaerobic glycolysis

Then lactic acidosis Metabolic acidosis

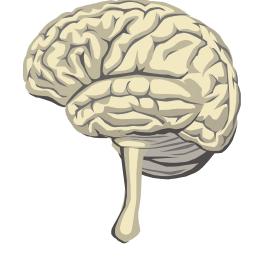
- Hypercarbia: causes respiratory acidosis
- With prolonged hypoxia production of co2 ceases
- Then: only sever metabolic acidosis





## PERINATAL ASPHYXIA

- Insult to the fetus / Newborn
  - Lack of oxygen (Hypoxia)
  - Lack of perfusion (Ischemia)



- Both contribute to tissue injury
- If brain injury occurs → HIE





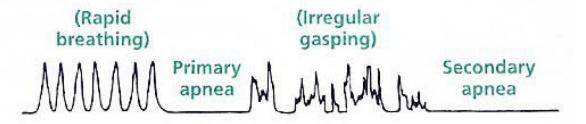


Figure 1.6. Primary and secondary apnea

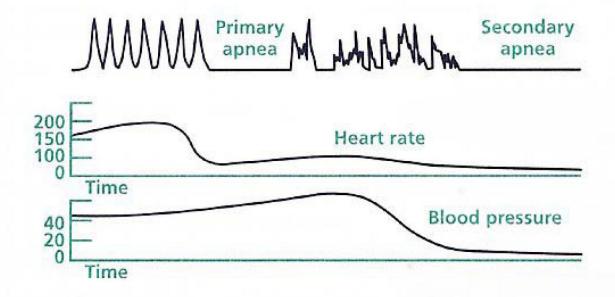


Figure 1.7. Heart rate and blood pressure changes during apnea